IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims as follows:

- 1. (currently amended) A method for producing a recombinant membrane <u>fusion</u> protein in an insect larvae expression system, the method comprising:
- (a) infection of infecting insect larvae with a baculovirus vector containing that has a nucleic acid sequence that encodes a recombinant membrane fusion protein having with an affinity tag wherein the recombinant membrane fusion protein is expressed in the larvae; and
- (b) <u>allowing the infected larvae to develop for about 1 to 4 days post</u> <u>infection and express the recombinant membrane fusion protein;</u>
 - (c) homogenizing the developed, infected larvae to form a homogenate;
- (d) separating the homogenate into a membrane-containing portion and a soluble portion, wherein the membrane-containing portion contains the recombinant membrane fusion protein with the affinity tag:
- (e) solubilizing the separated recombinant membrane fusion protein; and

 (f) purification of the purifying the solubilized recombinant membrane

 fusion protein from said larvae by affinity chromatography.
 - 2. (cancelled)
- 3. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the affinity tag is selected from the group consisting of poly(His), avidin, biotin, antibody, streptavidin and an antigenic amino acid sequence.
 - (original) The method of claim 3 wherein the affinity tag is poly(His).
 - 5. (cancelled)



- 6. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the larvae are infected with the vector when the larvae are in the first, second, third, or fourth instar stage of development.
- 7. (original) The method of claim 1 wherein the larvae are in the early fourth instar stage of development.
 - 8. (cancelled)
- 9. (currently amended) The method of claim 8 1 wherein the fraction is isolated from the larvae by membrane-containing portion containing the recombinant membrane fusion protein with the affinity tag is separated from the soluble portion by differential and gradient centrifugation.
- 10. (currently amended) The method of claim 9 further comprising isolation of the <u>membrane-containing portion</u> fraction by chromatography performed after the step of differential and gradient centrifugation.
- 11. (previously amended) The method of claim 1 further comprising the removal of the affinity tag from the recombinant membrane fusion protein.
- 12. (previously amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the recombinant membrane fusion protein is selected from the class of proteins consisting of transport, channel forming, receptor, junctional, cytoskeletal, and other membrane associated proteins.
- 13. (currently amended) The method of claim 12 wherein the recombinant membrane <u>fusion</u> protein is a transport protein.





- 14. (original) The method of claim 13 wherein the transport protein is NCX1 or the Na-K ATPase.
- 15. (currently amended) The method of claim 12 wherein the recombinant membrane <u>fusion</u> protein is a channel forming protein.
- 16. (original) The method of claim 15 wherein the channel forming protein is CFTR.
- 17. (currently amended) The method of claim 12 wherein the recombinant membrane <u>fusion</u> protein is a junctional protein.
- 18. (currently amended) The method of claim 17 wherein the junctional protein is connexin 32.



- 19. (previously amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the recombinant membrane fusion protein has biological activity substantially the same as the native form of the protein.
- 20. (previously amended) The method of claim 1 wherein the recombinant membrane fusion protein has substantially the same structure as the native form of the protein.
- 21. (currently amended) A method for identifying the physical characteristics of a recombinant membrane fusion protein wherein the protein is produced by the method of claim 1, the process comprising:
- (a) infecting insect larvae with a baculovirus vector containing a nucleic acid sequence that encodes a recombinant membrane fusion protein having an affinity tag:
- (b) allowing the infected larvae to develop for about 1 to 4 days post infection and express the recombinant membrane fusion protein;

- (c) homogenizing the developed, infected larvae to form a homogenate;
- (d) separating the homogenate into a membrane-containing portion and a soluble portion, wherein the membrane-containing portion contains the recombinant membrane fusion protein with the affinity tag:
- (e) solubilizing the separated recombinant membrane fusion protein; and

 (f) purifying the solubilized recombinant membrane fusion protein from said

 larvae by affinity chromatography; and
- (g) determining a physical characteristic of the purified recombinant membrane fusion protein.
- 22. (original) The method of claim 21 wherein the physical characteristics are determined by a procedure selected from the group consisting of crystallography, NMR, and CD.
- 23. (original) The method of claim 22 wherein the procedure is crystallography.
- 24. (currently amended) The method of claim 1 where the larvae is infected by injecting the larvae with a the baculovirus vector that has a nucleic acid sequence that encodes a recombinant membrane fusion protein with an affinity tag.